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Parenting Strategy as an Effort to Prevent Underestimating Students

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Abstract

This study aims to discover the mapping of the development and direction of Islamic Ecosystem research in publications indexed by Scopus. This study uses bibliometric analysis techniques to explore all publications indexed in the Scopus database on (Parenting Strategies as an Effort to Prevent Student Underestimation Attitudes Towards Teachers) from 2015 to 2023. The data was analyzed using Excel and R/R-Studio. VOSviewer is used to perform visual analysis of the occurrence of keywords and document citations simultaneously. The authors found 867 publications that fit the established functions, subjects, and criteria. Morals as a meaning in the aspect of emphasizing Islamic teachings are recommended for habituation since childhood. This is because childhood is more conducive to practicing good behavior habits. Educators need a mature plan for educating children in order to have an effective moral education strategy. The purpose of this study is to describe how the strategies of classroom teachers or subject teachers in optimizing students' morals in the learning process can run conductively. The results of this study show an annual growth rate of 1.13%, with the most publications on Parenting in 2023. The United States is the country with the most publications contributed by affiliation of The Ohio State University. Elpley N became the most prolific writer on the subject (12). The bibliometric analysis carried out is limited to Scopus data. Other national and international databases were not taken into account in this study. This study presents a brief overview of the literature accessible to researchers working in the field of Islamic Education and provides recommendations for future research.

Keywords: Parenting, child, underestimate, study

Introduction

The task of the Prophet Muhammad (saw) was sent to this world to perfect morals. (1). In life, a human must understand that he must have good morals and avoid bad ones to protect himself from the influence of evil. (2) Allah SWT created human beings as the most perfect creatures who can carry out their mandate as caliphs on earth. (3) To realize this mandate, people should carry out His commandments, such as upholding the truth to fellow Muslims and obeying all His prohibitions. (4) In order to realize a progressive Indonesian Muslim society based on Islamic teachings. (5) This is what Allah SWT has stated through His messenger (Rasul) in receiving revelations that humans can prosper the earth as caliphs. (6)

The habituation of morals in Islam from an early age is done because childhood is more conducive to getting used to behaving well so that the attitude of (7) Underestimation of students against teachers does not occur. Especially in the current era, if teachers lag behind inf IT, technology, and information, they will eventually reduce their credibility in front of their students, so they are underestimated. (8). Teachers are considered 'stupid' figures in the midst of the metropolitan world. This is indeed real and often happens around us. (9)

According to "Imam Al-Ghazali" research on moral education is an effort to unite oneself with the soul and become oneself. Able to bring up more inherent actions and situations so that they can get used to it in daily life. (10) According to the researcher, the attitude of underestimation of students towards teachers needs attention because of the morals of students in Indonesia (11) through information on social media. "Barriers to Civic teachers: limited time available, inadequate facilities and infrastructure, some students underestimate the task, some students lack discipline in carrying out group assignments."(12) For example (Obstacles for PKn teachers: limited available time, inadequate facilities and infrastructure, some students underestimate assignments, (13) Some students lack discipline in carrying out group assignments). "Students who have psychological problems, including those who have the potential to commit deviant behavior such as brawls, must be approached and given special guidance. (2). In this phase, they seek identity and grow their confidence in various ways. (14)(14)(14)

Parenting strategy is a step to overcome student underestimation of teachers with the aim of synergy between teachers and parents. Parenting education is an action or effort to increase knowledge, expand horizons, and improve parenting

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skills that parents have for their children. (15)(16). If parents treat their children in a good way and follow parenting skills (17) according to the teachings of religion, God willing, they will make children righteous and righteous, who obey the Qur'an and Sunnah. (17) The principle of example and advice from parents is important to be used as a concrete example in saying, (18) Behaving and acting so that children remain under control of their daily behavior, including the attitude of underestimating teachers and others, is always well maintained. (19) As Lukman said when giving advice to his son. QS. Lukman:13,18 and 19:

> "When Luqman said to his son, when he counselled him, "O my son, do not associate with Allah! Indeed, associating (Allah) is indeed a great injustice." (QS. Lukman:13)
>
> "Do not turn your face away from men (for pride), and do not walk on this earth haughtily. Indeed, Allah does not like everyone who is arrogant and very proud of himself. Be reasonable in walking and soften your voice. Indeed, the worst voice is the voice of a donkey. When walking, do not go too fast and do not be too slow." (QS. Lukman:18-19)

The reprehensible form of morality that has been described above must be explored because it can interfere with the interaction of fellow human beings and result in hostility, slander, and so on, it is our obligation as educators, parents, and the community to always maintain commendable morals so that there is harmonization in activities as teachers in PBM, parents in guiding their sons and daughters. (20) The attitude of raising and fulfilling children's educational needs is a very important aspect of the psychosocial development of children. It is believed that there are factors that can affect children's development, such as parents' attitudes towards parenting and education. (21)

The Industrial Revolution 5.0 is an era of human and technological collaboration in production. The Industrial Revolution 5.0 is a new chapter in the development of world civilization, including in the field of Islamic religious education. Further analysis related to the theme "Parenting Strategies as an Effort to Prevent Underestimation" is becoming more and more crucial. This is because we need to understand how to improve strategies so that students learn in a conducive way in the midst of a changing, dynamic learning environment. (22–28) Parenting strategies can be used to increase students' commendable attitudes in the involvement of the learning process (29). Students work together to support each other, maintain an underestimated attitude, especially towards teachers, and maintain the values of manners for parents and teachers. (30,31)

Bibliometric indicators play a very important role in evaluating the results of scientific research. Bibliometric indicators are used to measure the impact of publications and analyze the interaction between parenting strategies and underestimated attitudes. (32) Bibliometric indicators are a valuable cornerstone in future strategic planning, helping research and academic institutions direct their resources more effectively and formulate policies based on data and evidence. (32) Thus, bibliometric indicators are an important tool in the world of research to help understand, measure, and plan for the development of science. (2,33,34)

This study aims to see the development and trends of research related to the theme "Parenting Strategies as an Effort to Prevent Underestimation Attitudes" in publications registered in the Scopus database from the period of 2015 to 2023. The use of 2015 as the study's starting point was chosen based on the fact that in that year, there was one first publication relevant to this theme in the Scopus database.

Literature Review

Research conducted by (35) explained that the concept of "underestimate study," or students in the learning process underestimate the teacher, is closely related to parenting. This study shows that students who have an underestimation attitude towards teachers during their learning process tend to have bad character (36). In setting low learning goals, dividing time planning is weak, and advice responses (37) from teachers and parents are negative. (38)

In the aspect of parenting by parents to students, (39) In his research, he explained that parenting strategies for students' underestimation are very necessary. This study shows that the relationship between parenting and students' underestimation of teachers is interrelated (Dora et al., 2023), and parenting given by parents to their children well, can have a positive impact on the child. (43).

In the academic aspect, the teaching and learning process affects the conditions between students and teachers. (43) in achieving learning objectives. This study explores how the old parenting strategy is conducive to producing students with commendable behavior by not repeating bad attitudes such as underestimation, especially towards teachers. (40,44,45) The results of the study show that students who receive parenting assistance from parents will maximize their ability to communicate the emotional level of the shiva concerned.

In the aspect of Psychic students related parenting, research conducted by (15) shows the positive impact of parental assistance so that students stop underestimating their attitude towards teachers; this is because children get attention from their families by supporting them to be able to excel (46) in the academic and non-academic fields. From previous research on the theme "Parenting as an Effort to Prevent Underestimation Attitudes," the following uses a bibliometric analysis research method as a mapping effort to scientific publications in various fields.

Methods

The data used in this study is a dataset in the form of bibliometric data (format. CSV) from journals that have been collected from the Scopus database. The Scopus database is one of the most widely used journal databases for bibliometric analysis, besides Web of Science (WoS) and Google Scholar. This dataset includes articles with the keywords parenting, strategy, underestimate, and study in 2015 – 2023.

The bibliometric analysis method is the foundation of this study. The data was collected through a search engine that applied the Boolean approach, exploring the Scopus database from 2015 to 2023. December 16, 2023, at 14.50 WIB, was set as the search time. The researcher conducted a thorough analysis using tools such as R and Rstudio, VosViewer, and Microsoft Excel. This approach is used to parse information about citations, document content, and relationships between data. The researcher underwent three stages in processing the collected dataset.

In the initial stage, the researcher will conduct a literature analysis to check the relevance of the topic to the bibliometric research to be conducted. This step is useful not only for ensuring the relevance of the research to the theme discussed but also for identifying keywords that are appropriate and considered to cover the research area well.

In the second stage, the researcher conducted a search in the Scopus database using the boolean operator TITLE-ABS-KEY (motivated AND strategies AND of AND learning). From the results of this search, a total of 3,217 documents were found. Furthermore, a filtering process is carried out by applying the Boolean operators (LIMIT-TO (SRCTYPE, "j")) and (LIMIT-TO (SUBJAREA, "soci")) as well as (LIMIT-TO (DOCTYPE, "ar")) and (LIMIT-TO (LANGUAGE, "english")) to narrow down these documents only within the scope of social sciences, with the type of document being an article, originating from a journal, and written in English. After this screening process was completed, 867 relevant documents were finally obtained.

In the third stage, an in-depth analysis of the documents that have been successfully selected is carried out. The use of various tools such as Scopus Analyzer, R, and RStudio is carried out for the purpose of identifying the number of documents published each year, analyzing the distribution pattern of documents by year, digging up information about the authors, the author's institutional affiliation, and the authors' country of origin. In addition, this stage involves analyzing the level of interconnectedness between documents with the help of visualizations presented by VOSviewer. All data obtained is further processed and analyzed using the Microsoft Excel application.

The steps of this research are presented visually in the attached image:

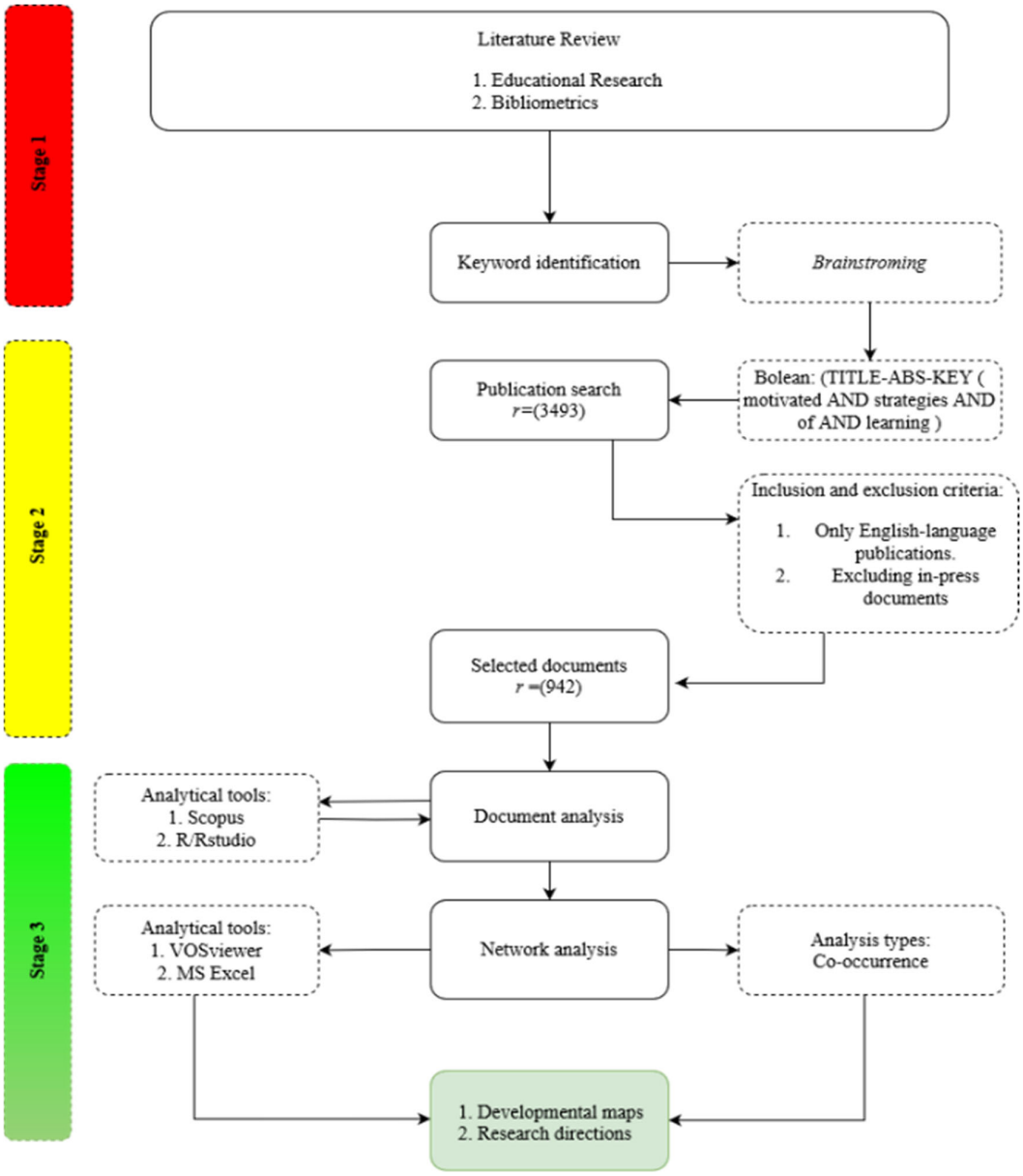

Figure 1. Research flow

Result and Disscusion

Keywords

The number of references screened is 867 journals. The filtered journals are selected from the Scopus database. Obtained with the keywords parenting, strategy, underestimate, and study. The first mapping deals with the most relevant words. By definition, the most relevant term is the most appropriate and relates to something being discussed. Figure 2 shows 10 of the most relevant words or terms are found in the dataset. The condition is to be plotted based on the Plus Keyword identified by Web of Science in a controlled manner. WoS identifies keywords in a controlled manner, such as parenting, child, underestimate, and study.

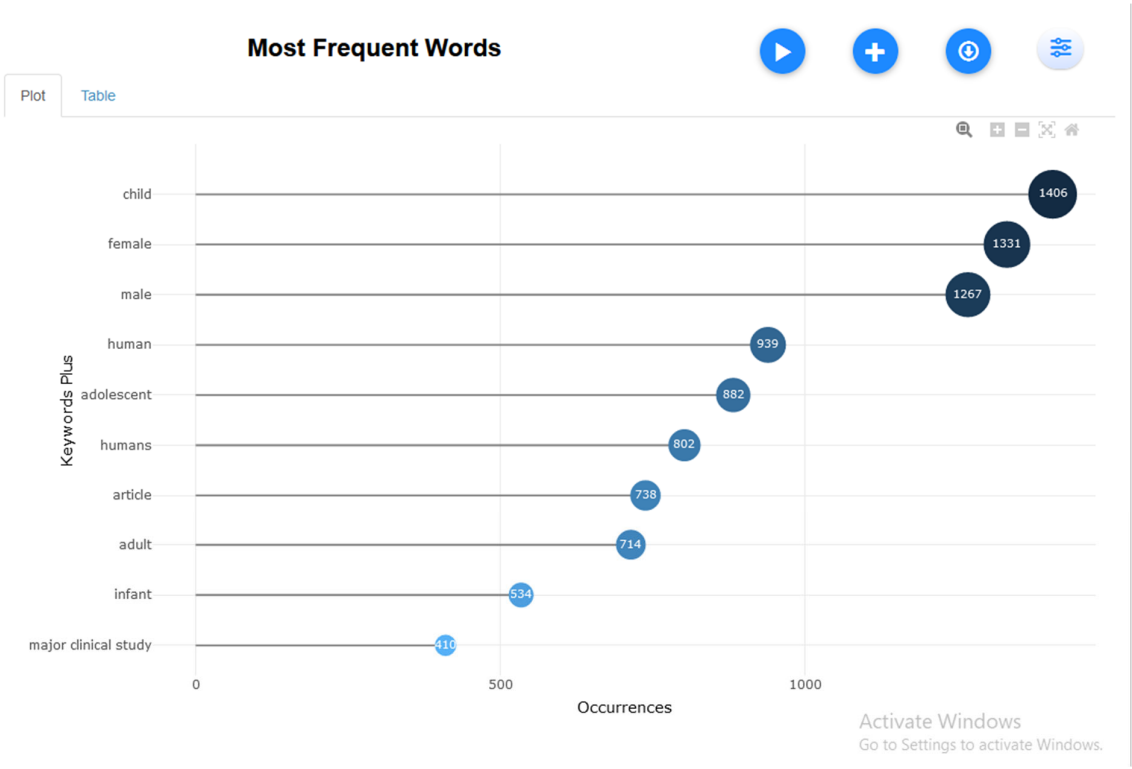

Figure 2. Most relevant words

Figure 2 shows a diagram of the most relevant words. The most relevant term is a child with 1406 events. The next term that is also the most relevant is female, with a total of 1331 incidents. Furthermore, the most relevant term is male, with as many as 1267, followed by human, as many as 939. This shows that the terms identified in a controlled manner by WoS in research related to parenting, strategy, underestimation, and study are appropriate to the research topic. Other terms that are included in the top 10 most relevant words are adolescent, humans, article, adult, infant, major, and clinical study. The most relevant word also means the most important and significant terms of research related to parenting, children, underestimation, and study, so these terms can be used as keywords for similar research in various data sets.

WordCloud

The next result is shown in Figure 3, which is the WordCloud of Keywords. Wordcloud is now being built by teacher technology to display the most frequently used words in a dataset or text. So, in simple terms, a word cloud is an electronic image that displays words as part of a text or data set. The size of these words varies according to the frequency with which they are used in the text. The larger the word, the more often it is used. Meanwhile, a smaller word size indicates that the word is part of the text, but the frequency is smaller than that of a larger word size.

Figure 3. WordCloud of keywords.

Figure 3 shows that WordCloud's keywords are related to parenting strategy research as an effort to prevent students' underestimation. The top 5 words with the largest font sizes are Child, female, male, human, and adolescent. Other words that are large enough in the word cloud are adult, article, and human. The use of the word Child appears a lot in research regarding children's attitudes, in this case, as a student. In addition, parenting efforts need to be carried out at school as a synergy step between schools and parents so that it can be achieved to optimize the potential of children to develop well.

Trending Topics

Statistical processing for trending or trending topics is shown in Figure 4. Based on the bibliometric dataset, the search time range plotted on the trend topic graph is 2015 - 2023, where the collected papers are searched with the keywords parenting, child, underestimate, and study. The year of the publication research can be seen on the X axis, and on the Y axis, terms indicating trending topics are displayed. A larger circle on the graph plot indicates higher frequency terms.

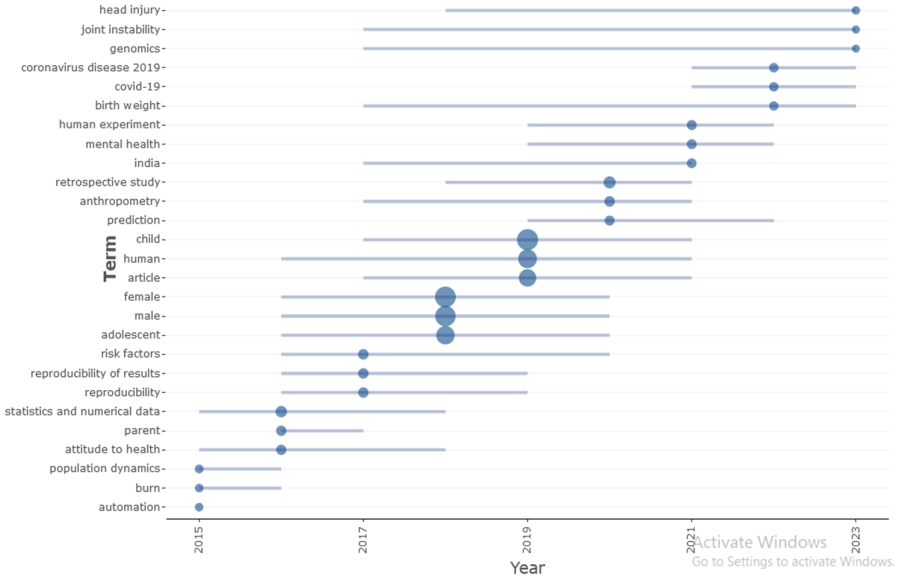

Figure 4. Trending topics.

From the terms shown in Figure 4, the search results for articles about parenting have the highest frequency of topic trends, namely 867, where articles began to be found popular in 2015 - 2023, with the greatest frequency in 2019. Similarly, an article on parenting strategies was published in an effort to prevent the underestimation of students at a frequency of 150, and this topic was found to be popular in 2016, with the largest frequency in 2019. The trend of increasing topic trends about parenting strategies as an effort to prevent student underestimation has its own attraction so that every year, research and related articles appear.

Document Analysis

Key information about data

Table 1 presents a summary of 867 records accumulated over a period of 8 years. Covering 4011 authors and 47 single authors, international authorship collaboration was observed at a rate of 23.99%. In addition, the number of citations is 36277, with an average of 15.45 citations per document.

Table 1. Key data

Description	Results
MAIN INFORMATION ABOUT DATA	
Timespan	2015: 2023
Sources (Journals, Books, etc)	394
Documents	867
Annual Growth Rate %	1,13
Document Average Age	3,95
Average citations per doc	15,45
References	36277
DOCUMENT CONTENTS	
Keywords Plus (EN)	5512
Author's Keywords (DE)	2923
AUTHORS	
Authors	4011
Authors of single-authored docs	47
AUTHORS COLLABORATION	
Single-authored docs	47
Co-Authors per Doc	4,8
International co-authorships %	23,99
DOCUMENT TYPES	
article	867

Key information about data

The figure below illustrates the development of publications under the theme "Parenting Strategies as an Effort to Prevent Student Underestimation" based on the year of publication. The document first appeared in 1965 with a number of documents; this article experienced a period of stagnation from 1965 to 1992 and reached the peak of publication in 2023 with a total of 867 documents.

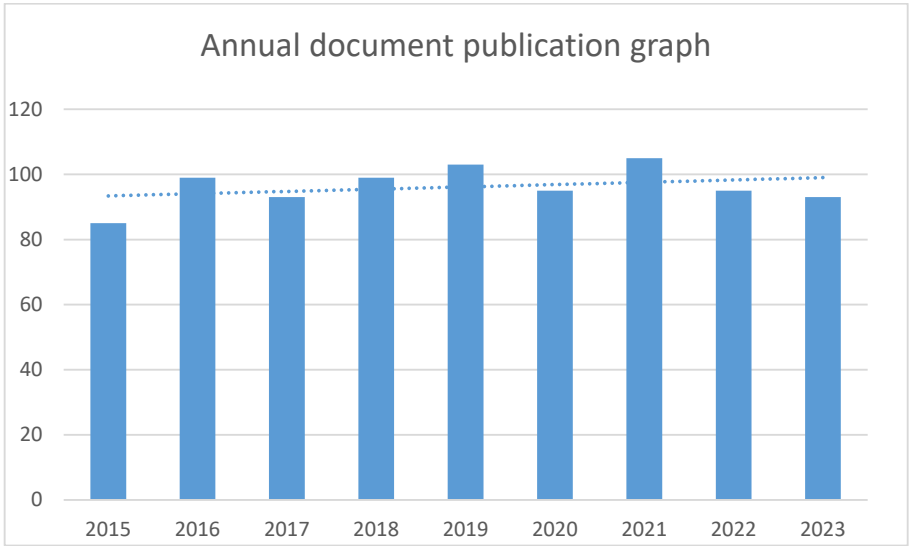

Figure 5. Annual document publication graph.

Most relevant authors

The figure below shows the three most influential authors in the publication "Parenting Strategies as an Effort to Prevent Student Underestimation." Elpley N, Jones B, and Amstrong G. lead the way with 12 publications, followed by Bayon and Alonso with three papers each.

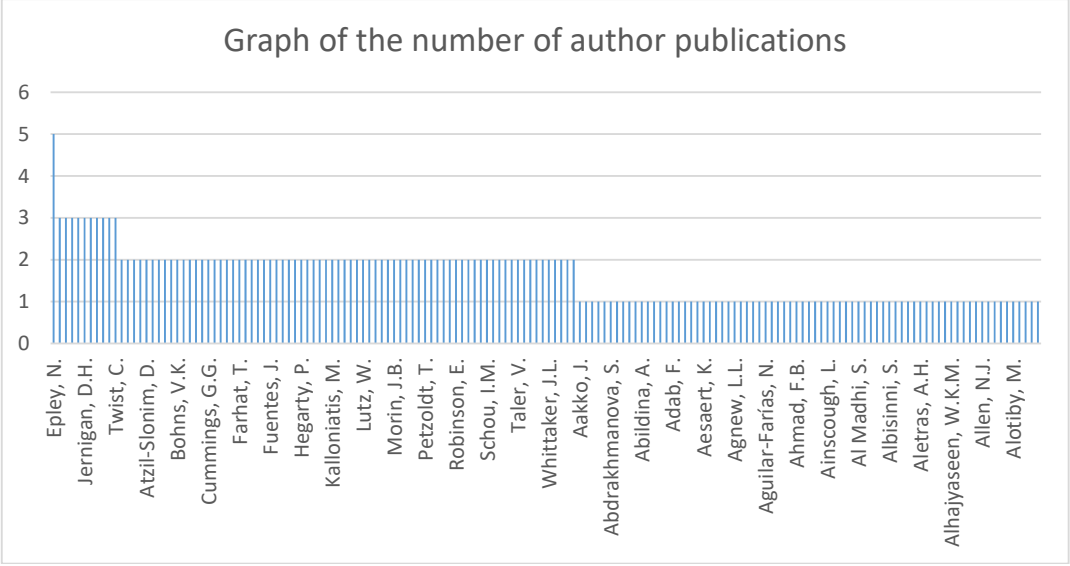

Figure 6. Graph of the number of author publications.

Documents by affiliate

The following figure shows the ten most influential affiliates in the publication "Parenting Strategies as an Effort to Prevent Student Underestimation. “This theme analysis is the most carried out by researchers in the Middle East, Ohio State, with a total of 14 articles. Then, it was followed by researchers from Stanford University with a total of 12 articles.

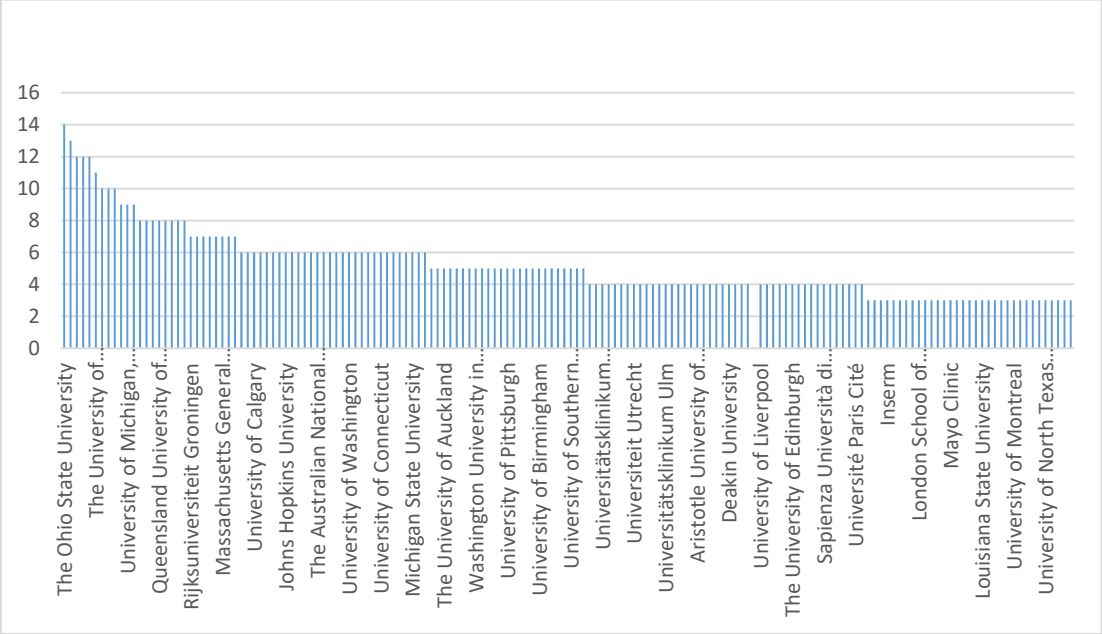

Figure 7. Graph of the number of publications per affiliate.

Documents by country

The figure below illustrates the development of publications under the theme "Parenting Strategies as a Prevention of Underestimation of Students," based on the year of publication. The document first appeared in 1965 and reached the peak of publication in 2023, with a total of 867 articles.

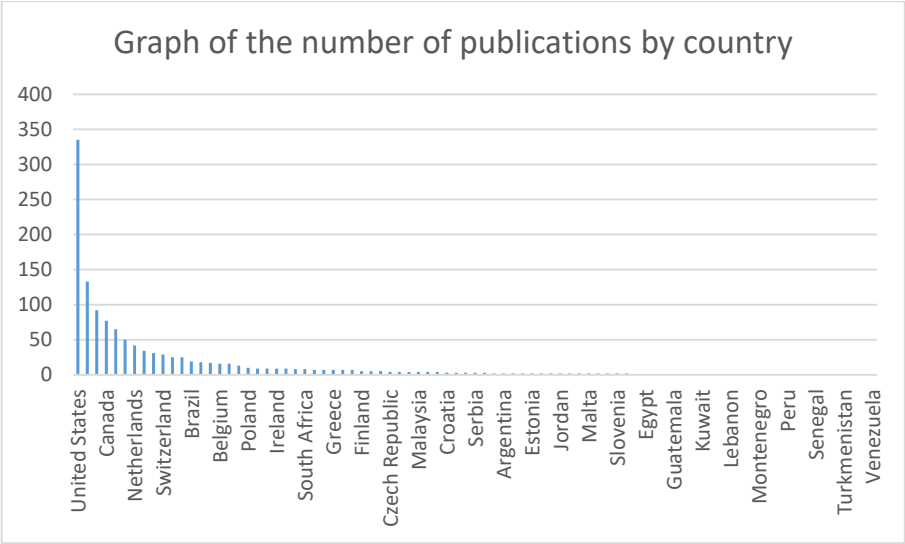

Figure 8. Graph of the number of publications by country.

Three-Field Plot

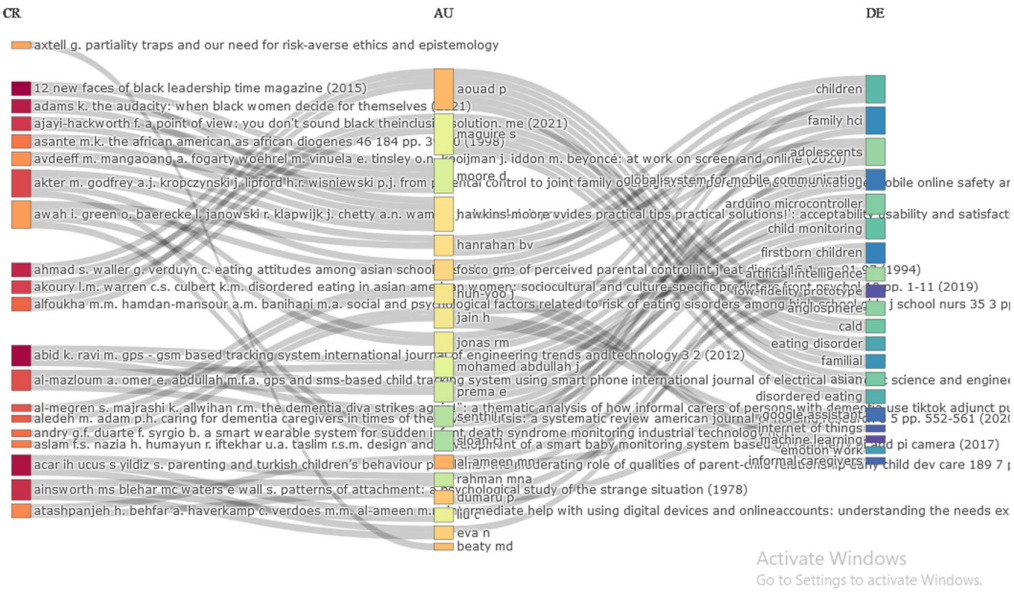

Figure 9. Three-Field Plot (references, author, and keywords)

Corresponding author's countries

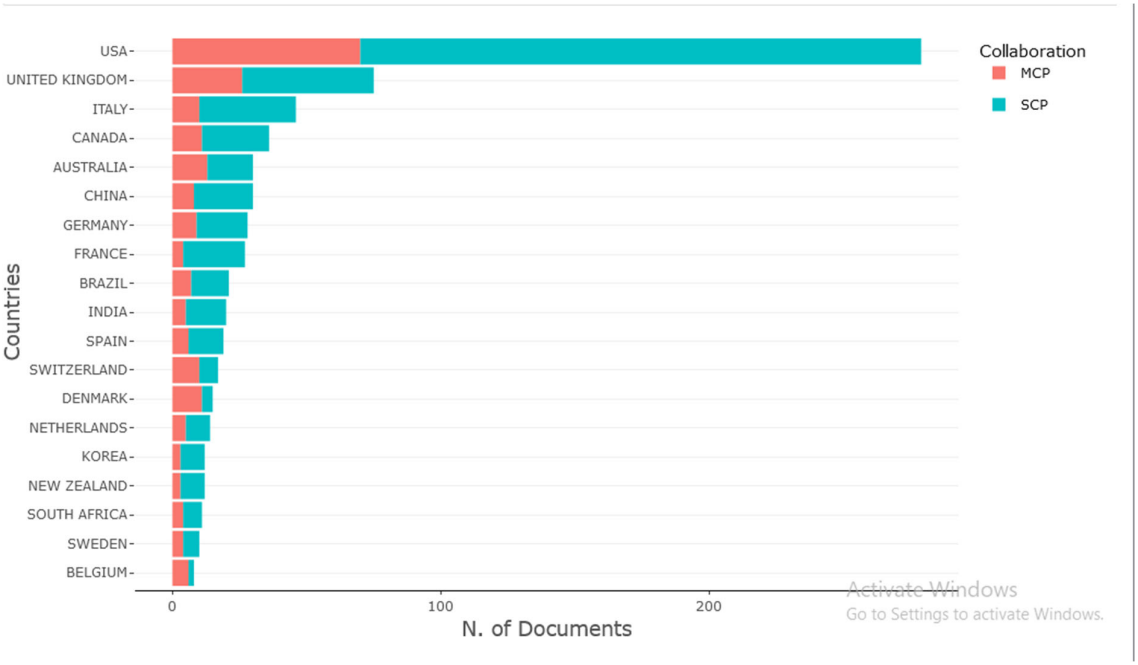

Figure 10. Graph corresponding author's countries.

Viewed from the perspective of "Multiple Country Publications" (MCP) and "Single Country Publications" (SCPs), the number of SCPs is larger than MCPs. In terms of MCP, the United States (US) achieved the highest number of publications, namely 279 documents, followed by the United Kingdom with 75 documents, Italy with 46 documents, Canada with 36 documents, Australia with 30 documents, China with 30 documents, Germany with 28 documents, France 27 documents and finally Brazil 21 documents. Based on continental data, the European continent dominates with a total of 4 countries, while the American continent holds the second dominance with a total of 3 countries.

Most global cited document

The paper that has the largest total citations (TC) is "Cox KD, 2019, Environ SCI Technol" with 1055 citations, and the paper that has the largest TC per year is Cox KD, 2019, Environ SCI Technol with 211.00 citations per year.

Based on this data, it can be stated that TC (total citations) tends to affect TC per Year (citations per year). Generally, papers with a larger TC also tend to have a significant TC per year. While it's not always true that papers with large TCs are bound to have a higher TC per year than others, and vice versa.

However, the paper's publication year tends not to significantly affect TC. While some papers with older years of publication have a lower TC than papers with a newer year of publication, there are exceptions where papers with older years of publication can have a high TC. Thus, from the data provided, there is no consistent influence between the year of publication and the number of citations (TC).

Table 2. Most globally cited document.

Paper	Total Citations	TC per Year
COX KD, 2019, ENVIRON SCI TECHNOL	1055	211,00
KISHORE N, 2018, NEW ENGL J MED	387	64,50
SHUBBER Z, 2016, PLOS MED	315	39,38
HAWTON K, 2015, J AFFECTIVE DISORD	239	26,56
ROSSEN LM, 2020, MORB MORTAL WKLY REP	236	59,00
MEYEROWITZ-KATZ G, 2020, INT J INFECT DIS	234	58,50
KHALIL IA, 2018, LANCET GLOBAL HEALTH	222	37,00
ARBOGAST KB, 2016, JAMA PEDIATR	211	26,38
SPERRY DE, 2019, CHILD DEV	199	39,80
RASMUSSEN AR, 2015, PEDIATRICS	182	20,22

Most global cited document

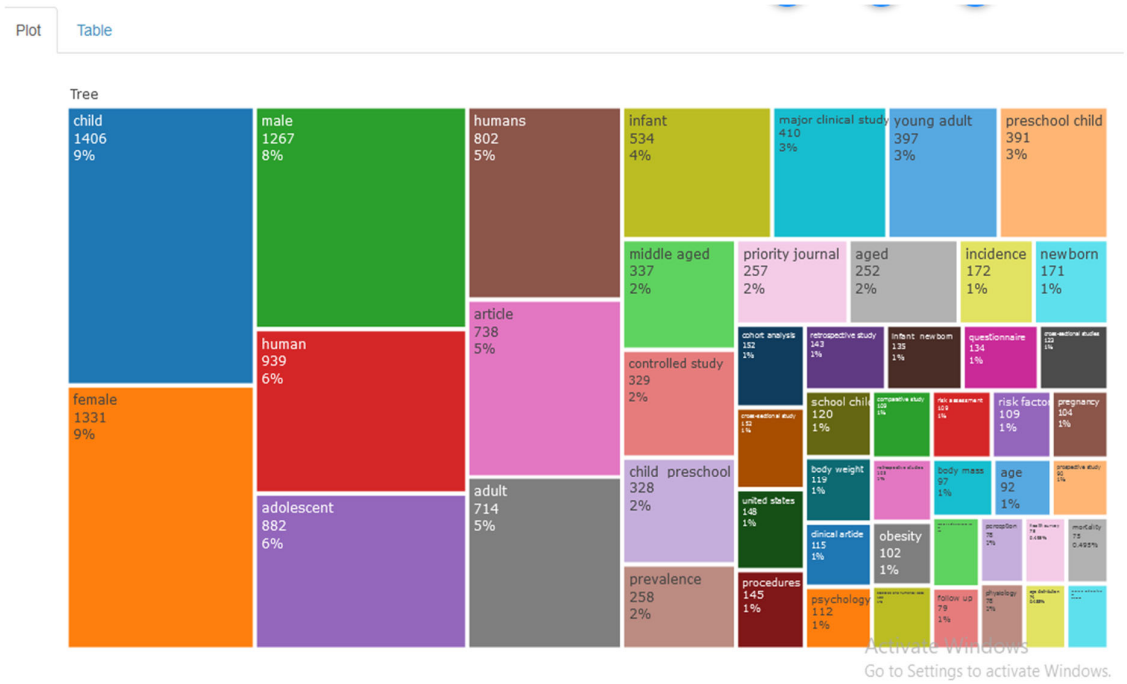

Figure 11. Thematic Map image

The theme mapping seen in Figure 11 consists of a Basic Theme, child theme, human theme, and male and female theme. Human theme. Article themes and adolescent themes are categories that include the basic theme of the existing research. In the data provided, cluster "child" (cluster 5) is an example of a basic theme. Basic themes are often the main focus of research that receive wide attention from researchers.

Motor Themes: This category includes themes that are the driving force behind the development of research. The "female" cluster (Cluster 2) is an example of a themed motor in this data. The theme of Parenting is a theme that is actively researched and influences the direction and trend of research related to underestimate. Motor themes often affect how research and publications develop over time.

Controlled study Themes: This category includes more specific and less general themes than basic and motor themes. An example of a controlled study theme in this data is the "female" cluster (Cluster 2). The theme of women's status is included in the category of Controlled study theme because it may have a smaller number of studies or is only of interest to certain groups of researchers.

By analyzing this classification, we can understand the distribution and trend of themes in existing research or publication data. This categorization helps identify the main themes that dominate a particular field of research, emerging themes, and themes that may require more attention and further research.

Most global cited document

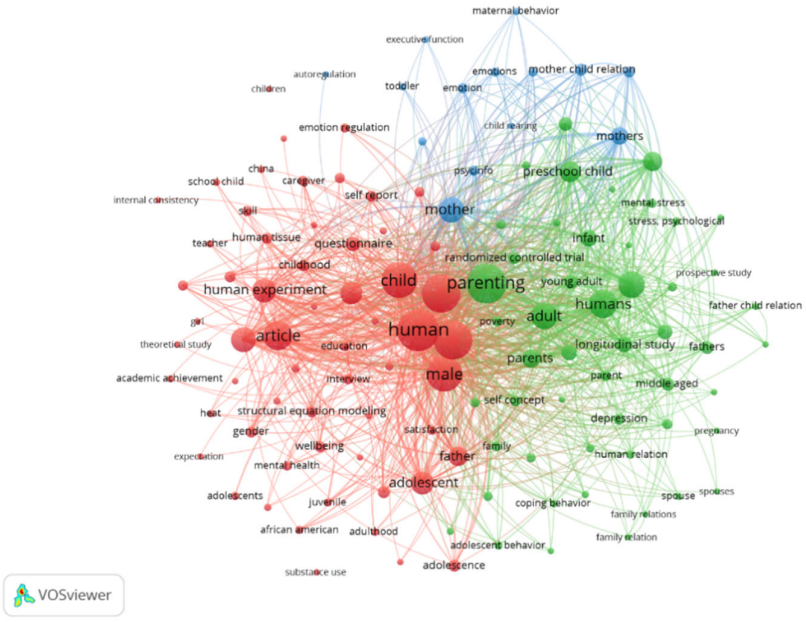

Figure 12. Keyword network distribution image based on the number of occurrences

The figure above is an analysis of the occurrence of the research on Parenting Strategies as an Effort to Prevent Student Underestimation of Teachers, with a total of 3 clusters, which consists of cluster 1 as many as 60 items, cluster 2 as many as 51 items and cluster 3 as many as 14 items. The dominating keyword is "parenting human," with a total of 394 strong links.

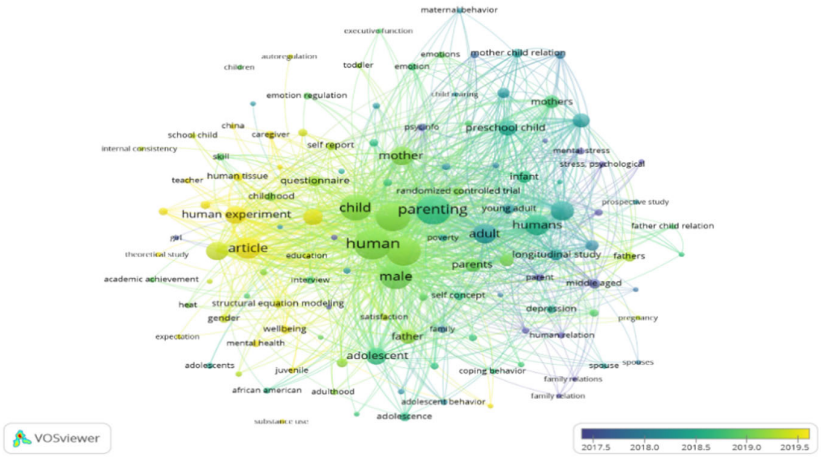

Figure 13. Keyword network distribution image based on overlay

The image above shows a keyword network analysis based on overlays. It can be seen that the keywords parenting, human, human experiment, article, and education were used last year. Meanwhile, the keywords adult, preschool child, and longitudinal study are keywords with relatively long use in the 2017 range.

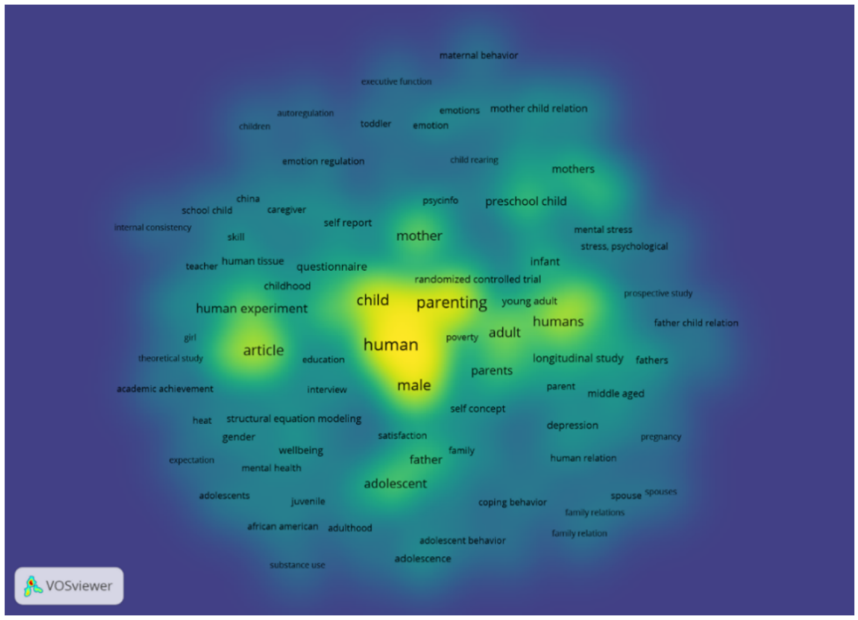

Figure 14. Keyword network distribution image by density

The density analysis of the research revealed that the keywords "Human," "Parenting," and "Child" had a high density in the research of this theme. This shows that the focus on these aspects plays a central role in the context of Parenting Prevent Underestimate". On the other hand, keywords like "Article," "male. adult," and "humans, mother, father" are still rarely studied. Nonetheless, further research on these rare keywords can provide valuable insights into elements that may not have been fully explored before.

Provide research density analysis! Which keywords have high density, and which are examples that are rarely researched (blurry images).

Table 3. Total density

Keyword	Occurrences	Cluster
Parenting	2	1
Human	3	
Child	5	
Adult	2	
Male	1	
Parenting	6	2
Human	2	
Child	3	
Adult	1	
Male	0	
Parenting		3
Human		
Child	1	
Adult		
Male		

The table above shows the occurrence-ance in each cluster that represents the main theme in the field of Parenting Strategy Research. The theme in the first cluster is child, the theme in the second cluster is parenting, and the theme in the third cluster is child.

Conclusion

Publication with the theme Parenting strategies as an effort to prevent student underestimation of teachers peaked in 2023. The most relevant authors are Elpley N, Jones B, and Amstrong G, with 12 publications. The affiliation with the most publications is with a total of 14 publications. The country with the most publications is the United States, with 325 documents. The largest MCP is the US. 279 is the document with the largest citations, as many as 1055. The basic theme in the research on "Parenting Strategies as a Strategy to Prevent Underestimation of Students Against Teachers" is Child, Child is the dominant keyword with 1406 strong links. The keywords female, parenting, male, and human are the keywords that will be used in 2023. There are four mainstream themes: child, female, parenting, male, and human.

The limitations of this study are that it only explores datasets indexed by Scopus and analyzes documents with English journal article types without considering other global indexations, languages, and document types other than articles.

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